G.F. 71 & 72

19 30

Department of Revenue

OFFICE Land Revenue

STATION

My No. 2448

M

Dated 15.8.30

To whom sent		Date	Initial
	Given for copying	H 3379	
	Copied		
	Examined		
	Signed		
	Given for despatch		
	Despatched	18 AUG 1930	
	Indexed		
Pages in the file	To be destroyed on*	19/8	

(SUBJECT.)

Irrigation - Tanks (Bellary). Kudlisi Ramappa ~~Special~~ Petition - Restoration. Special rate ryacut - Revision of assessment orders passed

Not to be filled in in the case of permanent records.

C.F. 32

In reply, please quote number, date and short title.*

Revenue DEPARTMENT.

H3379

Received *Registered*

From (Name) E. Bennet Esq., I.C.S.,

(Designation) Collector

Post Box....., (Station) Bellary

Telegraphic Address.....

To The Secretary to the Commissioners,

Land Revenue & Settlement,

Madras.

D. Dis. C. *No.* 3933/29, *dated* 29-6-1930 192

Sir,

Enclosures .....

One Sketch

.....

Spare Copies .....

Irrigation - Kudligi taluk - Rampuram village - Special rate tank - ayakut fixed.

Legislation to issue fair fo. Rent on 20-12-1902 Sent on 7-7-30 7-7.

In this office Ref. C. No. 3390/28 A-3 dated 4-7-1928 it was reported to the Board that the special rate ayakut of the tank, made over to M.R.Ry. J.Doddaveerappa of Kottur under G.O. No. 1150 Revenue dated 20-12-1902 was not fixed as the tank required repairs and the Board in its B.P. No.2415 dated 26-7-1928 was pleased to grant time till March 1929 for the restoration of the tank. The work not having been executed in time, an extension till 7th June 1929 was granted in B.P. Routine No. 3750/29 dated 8-6-1929. The work was accordingly completed by 1-7-1929.

2. Under the conditions imposed in G.O. No. 1150 Revenue dated 20-12-1902, the grantee has had to pay a minimum assessment of Rs.10/- whether the ayakut was irrigated or not and this amount is being collected every year. This special rate was fixed on the presumption that an extent of 100 acres would be brought under irrigation. The Minor Irrigation Overseer has now taken the levels of the fields and says that an extent of 65.94 acres only is irrigable. The Revenue Divisional Officer recommends that this may be fixed as the special rate ayakut. A sketch showing the special rate ayakut is enclosed.

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3. The special rate fixed in 1902 was not revised during the resettlement evidently for the reason that the ayakut was not fixed. Under condition 3 of the conditions in G.O. No. 1150 Mis. dated 20-12-1902 the special rate was liable to revision during the Resettlement. Under para 27 of the Resettlement notification in the District Gazette extraordinary dated 7-5-1925 the revised rates will have to be calculated with reference to the rate of increase realised on the total dry area of the particular village in which the special rate lands are situated. The Tahsildar reports that the increase adopted during the Resettlement was three annas per rupee. I therefore request that an extent of 65.94 acres may be fixed as the special rate ayakut with an assessment at Rs.1-3-0 per acre.

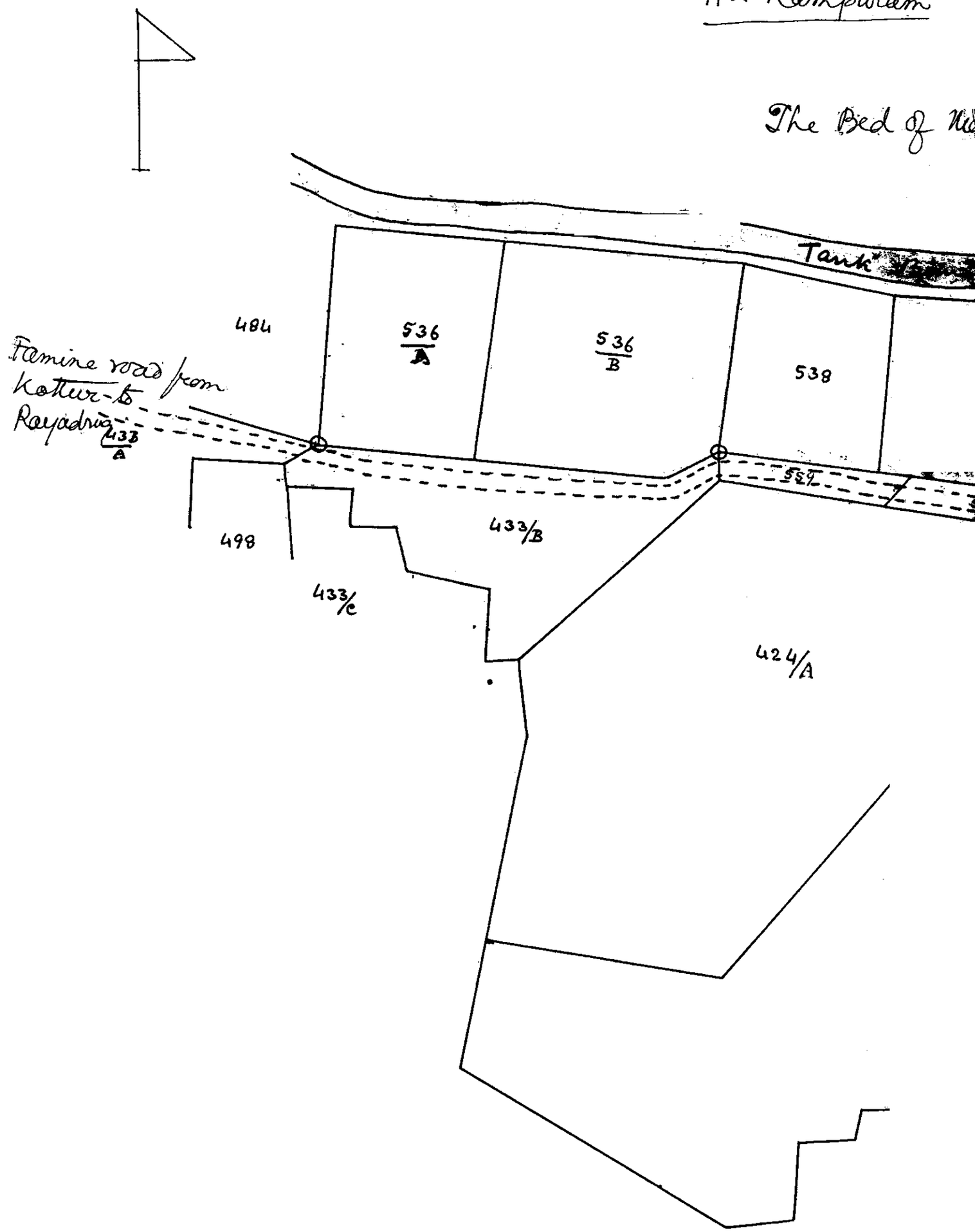
4. As the Minor Irrigation Overseer for the taluk was on sick leave the work could not be finished before the annual jamabandi of the taluk and therefore the special rate ayakut could not be fixed earlier. The dry assessment was not remitted by the Jamabandi Officer. As the special rate amount of Rs.100 has been collected for the current fasli, I request that sanction may be accorded to remit the dry assessment on 100 acres.

Nagamuniah

P.S. 30/6. For Collector.

30-6-31

112 Ramparam



Rough Sketch showing the extent of the Ayacu as fixed by the Assistant Irrigation Overseer, Hosdurg.

ank

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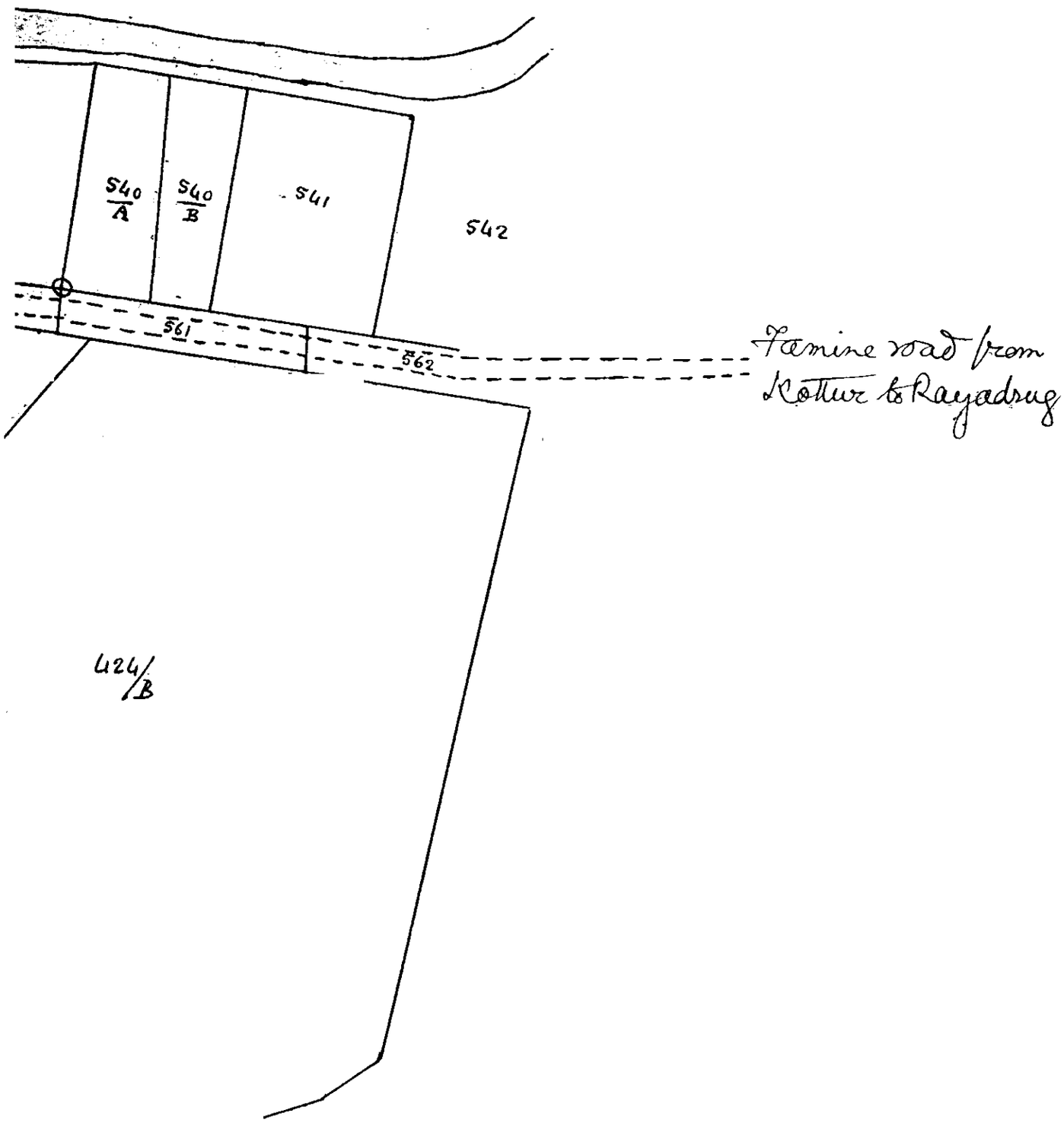

Prepared by me
For Collector
2.7.30

Traced out by me
2.7.30.

H 3379 Q

Ref H 3379/30-17 10-7-30

With ref to para 6 of
his letter cited above the Collr
is requested to report
how the rate of ~~3~~ per
acre ~~is~~ realised by resettlement on the total
~~to be adopted for the~~ area of the village works
~~Success for result~~ out to three annas in the rupee.

JSH
10.7.30

SG
9.7

10/7/30

Issue
11/7/30

To the Collr of Bellary.

11/7

3

Irrign. - (Bellary). Kudligi - Rampuram Vgs. Spri rate tank - agmt fin

H 3379 Q

Ref H 3379/30-17 10-7-30

p 2-7 With ref: to para 3 of this letter I am asked to report how ~~the rate of increase~~ the 2nd resettlement on the total ~~to be adopted as the measure~~ dry area of the village works ~~assessing for resett~~ out to three annas in the rupee

JSH
10-7-30

Sd 9-7
JSH
10/7/30

To the Collr of Bellary.

R 12/7

C.F. 32

In reply, please quote number, date and short title.

DEPARTMENT.

H4228.

Received ..... *Registered* —

From (Name) E. Bennett Esquire, I.C.S.,

(Designation) Collector of

Post Box ....., (STATION) ..... Bellary.

Telegraphic Address .....

To The Secretary to the Commissioner,

Board of Revenue, Land Revenue & Settlement

Madras.

L.Dis. No. 4112/30 A.3 dated 30-7-30 192

Sir,

ENCLOSURES .....

SPARE COPIES .....

Irrigation , Kudligi taluk - Rampuram village - special rate tank - special rate to be fixed - Ref. Board's Ref. No.H. 3319 /30-1 dated 10-7-30.

The rate of increase realised at resettlement on the total dry area of the village works out to two annas in the rupee as shown below and not three annas as it was first reported by the Tahsildar.

The total assessment on the occupied area of the village was Rs.1411 prior to the Resettlement and Rs. 1564 after the Resettlement. The increase was Rs.153 and the rate of increase per Rupee realised on the total occupied area comes to Rs.0-1-9 or two annas in round figures.

For Collector

R.V.30-7-

Subject.—

R. F. XXII-A-19—39,500 22-4-30 (

FOR MEMBER

Irrigation - Tanks (Bellary). Kudligi Tk - Ramapura Village - ~~Special rate~~ Ruined tank. Revision of special rate orders passed

READ AGAIN B. P. No. _____, dated _____ 193

" " " _____ ; " _____ 193

READ ALSO :—

Register No. _____, From the 43379 8, No. _____, dated _____ 193
42228 8

" " _____, " " _____, " _____, " _____ 193

" " _____, " " _____, " _____, " _____ 193

RESOLUTION. Mis No. ~~2448~~ dated 15. 8. 1930

$\frac{598}{5}$

The tank was made over under the special condition imposed in G.O. No. 1150 Rev dy 20-12-1902. The Board sees no reason why the minimum special rate of assessment of Rs 100 fixed in the G.O. should be reduced Taking into ~~Applying~~ account the rate of increase by resettlement of 2 annas in the rupee the minimum special rate assessment will be raised to ~~revised to~~ Rs. 112-8-0 per annum with effect from Fasli 1339.

2. With reference to para 4 of the Collr's letter first read above, the Board sanctions the remission of the dry assessment on the special rate arrears collected in F. 1339. The Collr is further informed that dry assessment should not be collected on land for which a special rate of assessment has been fixed.

p2 C4

Ms
18.8.30
to
18.8.30

Moved
to
18.8.30

To
The Collr of Bellary

Irrigation - Tanks - Special rate (Bellary) - Kudligi taluk - Rampuram village - Fixation of the ayacut — revision of special rate.

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H 3379/30.

H. 4228/30.

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To Secy

A tank was formed within reserved forest limits with famine labour in 1876-78 and after the close of the famine it was left in an incomplete state. It had therefore no ayacut in 1902 when it was made over for private repairs under the following three conditions:-

(1) that the grantee should pay the minimum of Rs.100 per annum on the assumption that 100 acres would be irrigated every year against the irrigable extent of 200 acres roughly.

(2) that a special rate of Re.1 an acre shld. be collected for the area brought under irrigation upto 150 acres, excess area over 150 acres being charged the ordinary water cess;

and (3) that the special rate should be liable to revision during re-settlement with reference to the outlay incurred by the grantee on the repairs to the tank.

Although the resettlement was introduced in the taluk in fasli 1334, the special rate was not revised, obviously because the grantee did not restore the tank till 1929. The grantee was however continuing the payment of the minimum of Rs.100 although he could not, and did not, irrigate the originally stipulated area of 100 acres. It appears from the Collr 's present letters that the grantee did not repair the tank to its full originally intended capacity and that after the repairs

the tank can irrigate only an extent of 65.94 acres. The Collr. therefore proposes to recognise this extent as the ayacut and fix the special rate on this extent at Rs.1-2-0 per acre taking the increase in re-sett. into account. The special rate assessment works out to only Rs.74-3-0, against the minimum of Rs.100 stipulated in the G.O. of 1902. As it is the fault of the grantee that he did not restore the tank to its full capacity, there seems no reason why the minimum of Rs.100 fixed in the G.O. should be revised. The increase of this amount at 2 annas in the rupee will be Rs.112-8-0. This amount may be fixed as the special rate assessment on the irrigable extent of about 66 acres; the rate per acre will then be Rs.1-11-0. If this procedure is adopted, the sanction of Govt. is not called for. The Board may itself direct the Collr. to fix the special rate accordingly. It is immaterial to find out with reference to condition 3 of the G.O. how much outlay was incurred by the grantee on the restoration of the tank and whether the tank was restored to its full capacity and if so, why the irrigable extent has fallen down from the originally estimated extent of 200 acres to 66 acres.

If the Board is however inclined to fix the ayacut at 66 acres at Rs 1-2-0 per acre, involving a loss to Govt. of Rs.25-13-0 per annum (minus the dry assessment on the remaining 34 acres), the sanction of Govt is necessary; and before going up to Govt., further information on the points stated above may have to be called for from the Collr.

2. The Collection of dry assessment besides spl. rate and its remission are incorrect. So long as the irrigation has not reached 100 acres, the spl. rate of Rs.100 alone should have been levied on 100 acres. The Collr. may therefore be requested to remit the dry assessment already collected during the last

fasli.

3. There is however one point which requires consideration in this case. Under the general instructions in para 6 of S.O.No.8, no water cess should be charged on any extent irrigated with the tank water in excess of the special rate ayacut fixed at the time when the tank is made over for private repairs. But condition (3) in this case specifically provides for such a charge on areas irrigated in excess of 150 acres. Such a contingency will not arise, as it has since definitely been ascertained that the irrigable area cannot exceed 66 acres. The condition will no longer be operative. If the grant agrees, the Collr. may be asked to recognise the tank afresh as a special rate tank under S.O.No.8, with reference to its present capacity, fixing the rate per acre at ~~Rxxlxdx~~ Rs.1-11-0 as worked out in para 1 above.

5 y(5)

I agree to this. Govt. I think is entitled to withdraw its order of Govt. on the assignment although part of this tank was made over to them.

17/8

4. Since 1334, Govt. have lost the increase in the special rate assessment. In view, however, of the fact that the tank was repaired only in 1929, that the grantee has been paying Rs.100 for the last 28 years although he did not irrigate the permissible allowed extent of 100 acres and was thus not benefited, the arrears of the increase may be foregone.

17/8

for orders.

7.8.30

This tank was granted on special conditions & B.S.O.(8) does not apply. Those conditions must be enforced. Rs 112/8 are now to be charged.

13.8.30.

To Secy

Draft ruled

IE 8 3 30